A Comparison of Chemical and Biological Indicators of Water Quality between a Forested and Agricultural Site along the Mettawee River

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THE LAKE CHAMPLAIN BASIN ATLAS

Poultney-Mettawee/South Lake Basin



 Feet
 0
 500
 1000
 1500
 2000
 2500
 3000
 3500
 4000
 4500

 Meters
 150
 300
 450
 600
 750
 900
 1050
 1200
 1350



Land Use Within Watershed of Sampling Site



Forested Site



Agricultural Site





Discharge Rate (cubic meters/second)

Date



Phosphorus Concentration at the Agricultural Site

Insect Identification

Macro-invertebrate Data Collected From The Agricultural Site

Metric	2009	2010	2011
Mean Density of Animals per Sample	202.6(±16.1)	181.3 (±12.0)	54.8 (±7.7)
Number of Taxa* per Sample	18.5(±1.3)	18.0(±0.8)	13.0 (±1.1)
EPT** Index	9.0 (±0.8)	9.5 (±0.5)	7.5(±1.1)
EPT/EPT + Chironomidae Index	0.82(±.05)	0.85(±.07)	0.95(±.07)
% of EPT per Sample	75.2(±8.2)	69.7(±7.8)	68.5(±6.5)
Hilsenhoff Biotic Index***	3.01 (±0.3)	3.30(± 0.3)	3.25 (±0.4)

*Taxa are defined as larvae identified to the level of Family

**EPT – Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera & Trichoptera

***Hilsenhoff, W. L., 1987, An improved biotic index of organic stream pollution. The Great Lakes Entomologist, v. 20, p. 31-39

Macro-invertebrate Data Collected From The Forested Site

Metric	2009	2010	2011
Mean Density of Animals per Sample	72.2(±5.3)	63.8 (±4.0)	31.0 (±7.1)
Number of Taxa* per Sample	14.0(±0.8)	15.0(±0.8)	10.3 (±1.2)
EPT** Index	8.2(±0.7)	7.0(±0.5)	7.3(±0.6)
EPT/EPT + Chironomidae Index	0.93(±.01)	0.87(±.07)	0.89 (±.05)
% of EPT per Sample	76.5(±8.2)	66.7(±7.8)	78.4(±6.2)
Hilsenhoff Biotic Index***	2.97(±0.3)	3.47 (±0.4)	2.90(±0.3)

*Taxa are defined as larvae identified to the level of Family

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***Hilsenhoff, W. L., 1987, An improved biotic index of organic stream pollution. The Great Lakes Entomologist, v. 20, p. 31-39

Comparison of Ag site Macroinvertebrates 2010/2011

Comparison of Forested Site Macroinvertebrates 2010/2011

Conclusions

- The major storm event (tropical storm Irene) was associated with significant increases in the concentration of E. coli, Phosphorus, and Total Suspended Solids in water samples from both forested and agricultural sites.
- There was a significant decrease in the density of macroinvertebrates and the number of taxa from both sites in 2011. However, the impact was greater in the Agricultural site.
- These results support the idea that major storm events such as tropical storm Irene are capable of causing major changes in stream chemistry and macroinvertebrate communities.
- Future studies will be directed toward investigating the recovery of macroinvertebrate communities following major storm events such as tropical storm Irene.

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